Mitosis! View it at www.sciencemusicvideos.com Glenn Wolkenfeld © 2012

Interphase is cell division's longest part, Nuclear membrane's intact as it starts, The cell's growing, cytoplasm flowing, Chromosomes get duplicated, DNA gets replicated	The spindle moves the chromosomes with nudges so fine, Into linear formation on the 50 yard line A location equatorial defining metaphase ,
Chromosomes are spread out so they can't be seen	Where the chromosomes are lined up on that middle place
distinctly	
But note the nucleolus, the ribosome factory Outside the nucleus are two centrosomes,	CHORUS
They later make a spindle which will pull apart the	The spindle fibers pull on the kinetochores,
chromosomes.	A cellular molecular mitotic tug of war,
	The centromere snaps, sisters get separated,
Prophase follows, the chromosomes condense,	Now these chromatids are chromosomes, they've been
Each is made of two sister chromatids, like an "X"	upgraded
Each sister is a clone, the closest of kin,	
And a centromere connects them like Siamese twins,	This snapping separation defines anaphase
The nucleolus disappears it melts away,	The "A" for "apartness", for moving different ways, Kinetochore spindle fibers separate the sisters
As the cell takes a ribosome production holiday,	See 'em waving goodbye, calling out "I'm gonna miss ya,"
The centrosomes separate, start spindle formation	
For separating chromatids and cell elongation.	And the other spindle fibers push and grapple like felons
	Makes the cell elliptical like a watermelon,
CHORUS	In telophase membranes form 'round the chromosomes
Mitosis, chromosomal ride	Which spread out as the nucleoli come on home
Inter-, pro-, meta-, ana-, telophase, divide Eukaryotes go from one cell to two,	CHORUS
Mitosis, how cells renew.	
	In animal cells there's a ring of microfilaments
In late prophase (prometaphase) ,	That form at the equator and they cinch themselves in
The nuclear membrane disintegrates,	Tighter, tighter, tighter, tighter 'til the cell is in two pieces,
The centrosomes migrate to the cell's opposing sides,	Yeah in animals, that's cytokinesis
And between them the fibers of the spindle wend and	
wind, The spindle's made of microtubule fibers which attach	But it's different in plants in them the cell divides
	By building a new cell wall from the inside As the Golgi sends vesicles with cellulosic goo,
To chromosomes at kinetochores, a protein patch	Which makes a plate, then a wall, divides the cell in two
That serves like a handle that the fibers can grasp,	
When they pull apart the chromosomes, splitting them in	And instead of one mother cell we now have daughters
half,	two
	Identical twins, kind of old but kind of new,
	From your single celled beginning this is how you grew
	And for single celled eukaryotes it's reproductive too!