

Mitosis!

View it at www.sciencemusicvideos.com
Glenn Wolkenfeld © 2012

Interphase is cell division's longest part,
Nuclear membrane's intact as it starts,
The cell's growing, cytoplasm flowing,
Chromosomes get duplicated, DNA gets replicated

Chromosomes are spread out so they can't be seen distinctly
But note the nucleolus, the ribosome factory
Outside the nucleus are two centrosomes,
They later make a spindle which will pull apart the chromosomes.

Prophase follows, the chromosomes condense,
Each is made of two sister chromatids, like an "X"
Each sister is a clone, the closest of kin,
And a centromere connects them like Siamese twins,

The nucleolus disappears it melts away,
As the cell takes a ribosome production holiday,
The centrosomes separate, start spindle formation
For separating chromatids and cell elongation.

CHORUS

Mitosis, chromosomal ride
Inter-, pro-, meta-, ana-, telophase, divide
Eukaryotes go from one cell to two,
Mitosis, how cells renew.

In late **prophase (prometaphase)**,
The nuclear membrane disintegrates,
The centrosomes migrate to the cell's opposing sides,
And between them the fibers of the spindle wend and wind,

The spindle's made of microtubule fibers which attach
To chromosomes at kinetochores, a protein patch
That serves like a handle that the fibers can grasp,
When they pull apart the chromosomes, splitting them in half,



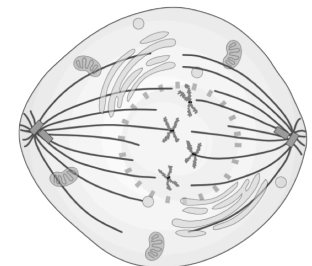
Interphase



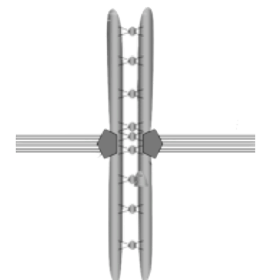
Doubled
Chromosome
(Two sister
chromatids)



Prophase (early)



Late prophase
(prometaphase)



Sister chromatids.
Kinetochores visible on
outside with spindle fibers.

The spindle moves the chromosomes with nudges so fine,
 Into linear formation on the 50 yard line
 A location equatorial defining **metaphase**,
 Where the chromosomes are lined up on that middle place

CHORUS

The spindle fibers pull on the kinetochores,
 A cellular molecular mitotic tug of war,
 The centromere snaps, sisters get separated,
 Now these chromatids are chromosomes, they've been upgraded

This snapping separation defines **anaphase**
 The "A" for "apartness", for moving different ways,
 Kinetochore spindle fibers separate the sisters
 See 'em waving goodbye, calling out "I'm gonna miss ya,"

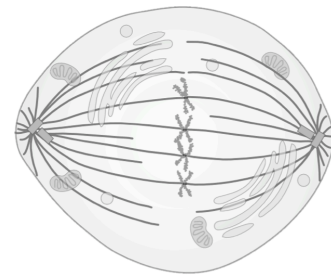
And the other spindle fibers push and grapple like felons
 Makes the cell elliptical like a watermelon,
 In **telophase** membranes form 'round the chromosomes
 Which spread out as the nucleoli come on home

CHORUS

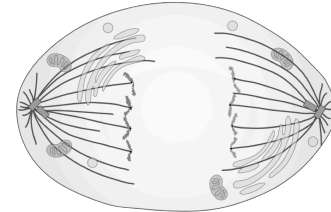
In animal cells there's a ring of microfilaments
 That form at the equator and they cinch themselves in
 Tighter, tighter, tighter, tighter 'til the cell is in two pieces,
 Yeah in animals, that's **cytokinesis**

But it's different in plants in them the cell divides
 By building a new cell wall from the inside
 As the Golgi sends vesicles with cellulosic goo,
 Which makes a plate, then a wall, divides the cell in two

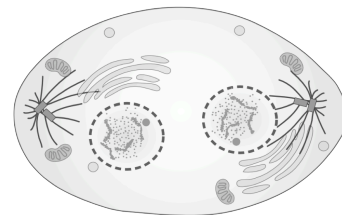
And instead of one mother cell we now have
 Daughters two
 Identical twins, kind of old but kind of new,
 From your single celled beginning this is how
 you grew
 And for single celled eukaryotes it's
 reproductive too!



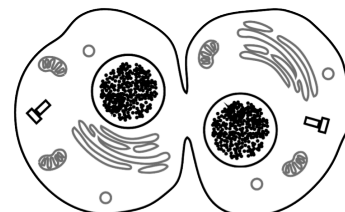
Metaphase



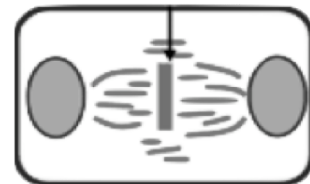
Anaphase



Telophase



Cytokinesis (Animal)



Cytokinesis (Plant), showing cell plate formation

